

From the Enlightenment to Business Models Season III

Episode 7 The Enlightenment and Science

<u>www.eleonoraescalantestrategy.com</u>





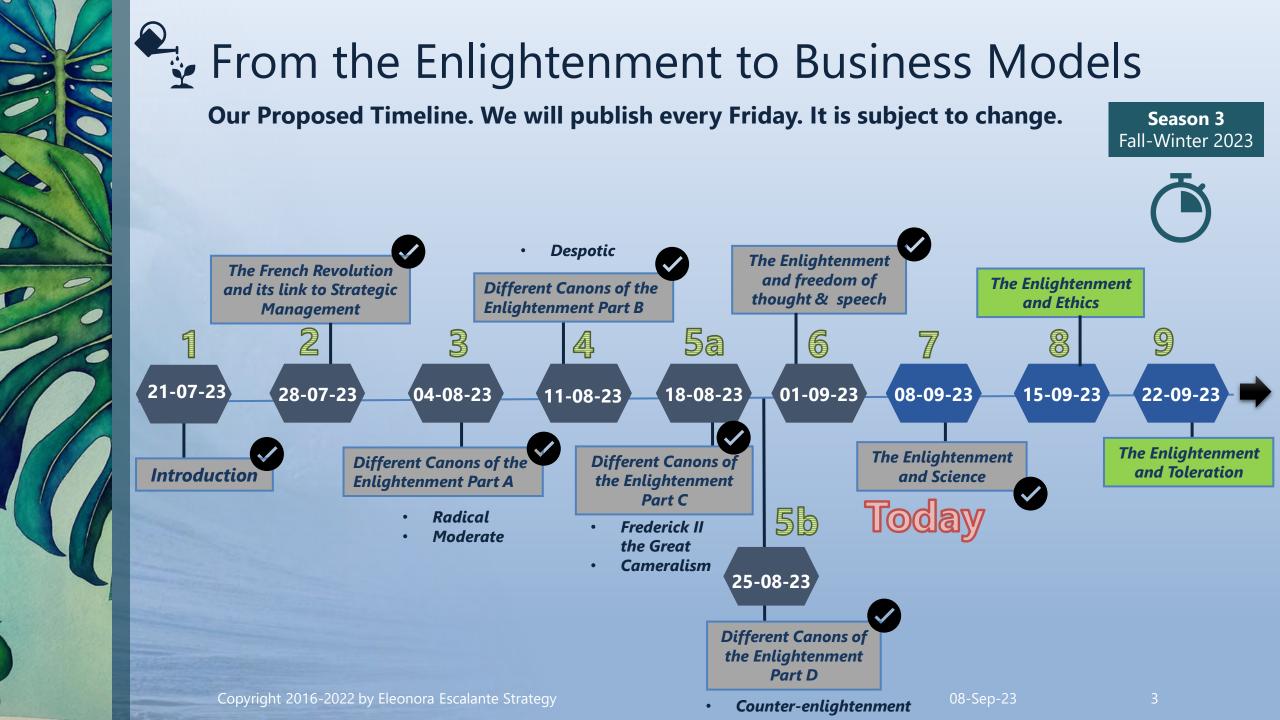
From the Enlightenment to Business Models

Our Outline for Season III

Season 3 Fall-Winter 2023

- 1. Introduction
- 2. The French Revolution and its link to Strategic Management
- Different Canons of the Enlightenment Part A: Radical & Moderate
- Different Canons of the Enlightenment Part B: Despotic
- 5a. Different Canons of the Enlightenment Part C: Frederick II The Great and the Cameralism
- 5b. Different Canons of the Enlightenment Part D: Counter-enlightenment
- 6. The Enlightenment and freedom of thought & speech
- The Enlightenment and Science Z Today
- 8. The Enlightenment and Ethics
- The Enlightenment and Toleration
- 10. The Enlightenment and Racial Differences/Slavery
- 11. The Enlightenment and Woman
- 12. The connection of the Enlightenment and Strategic Management
- 13. The Enlightenment philosophical premises found in Contemporary Strategy Analysis
- 14. The Enlightenment unearthed in corporate strategy formulation
- 15. The Enlightenment uncovered in corporate portfolio analysis
- 16. The Enlightenment found in Business Modeling
- 17. The Enlightenment and the Value Proposition Canvas
- 18. The Enlightenment premises in the MNCs value propositions
- 19. The Enlightenment found in the concept of Synergies
- 20. Research agenda for the transformation of Corporate Strategy Syllabus in Business Schools
- 21. Summary and Conclusions.





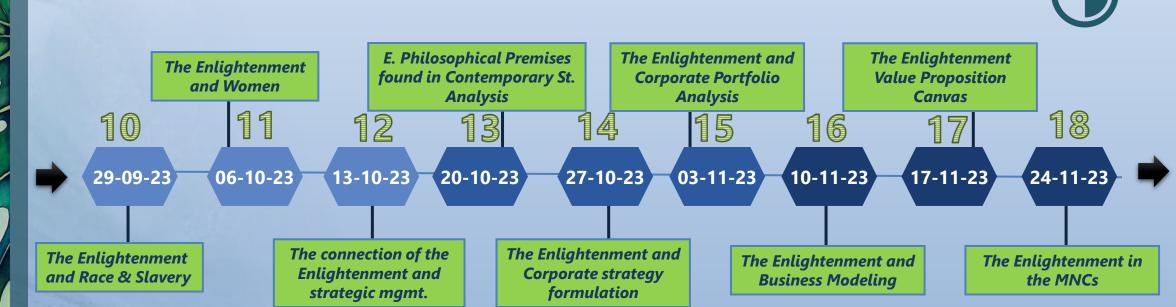




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Our Proposed Timeline. We will publish every Friday. It is subject to change.

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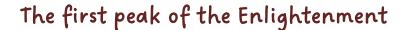






Season 3Fall-Winter 2023

The centuries of our studies: 17th and 18th centuries



17th Century

The Century of Genius



18th Century
The century of Pause and
Political Revolution



- A creativity unparalleled century in history before or since, from science to the arts, from philosophy to politics.
- The Age of Genius was the foundation for the forces of democracy, secularism, enlightenment and science. The origin that dethroned divine-right monarchy, religious faith, ignorance and tradition.

- A century of pause and diffusion.
- No new discoveries were made to rival those of Newton and Leibniz
- This century was a pause for diffusion of what the 17th century disclosed in science and philosophy
- Only Britain was applying early capitalism.
- It was a war-violent century with dramatic political transformations.

- The production of manufactured goods was enhanced by steam power and many other inventions in other industries.
- New factories (textiles, steam trains, etc). Britain established the coal & iron industries, heavy engineering for rail-roads, and large-scale manufacturing factories
- The first industrial revolution was coming out of Britain and in waves spread out to Continental Europe.





The Route of Science between the 15th and 17th centuries

Year	Historical Events	Philosophy	Navigation	Mathematics and Astronomy	Optics	Mechanics and Hydraulics	Chemistry	Physiology, Medicine and Natural History		
	Authorities reinstated:	Plato, Archimedes, Aristarchus, Alhazen, Philoponos, Lull								
	Authorities dethroned	Aristotle, Ptolemy	v and Galen.							
400	End of Schism Hussite Revolt	Nicholas of Cusa- Speculation on the Earth's Movement		Ulugh Beg – Smarkand Observatory						
440	 Italian Renaissance Platonic Academies in Florence Growth of Trade and Arts 	Humanism return to the classics	 Portolan maps School of Sagres Portuguese along African Coast Columbus discovers América Vasco de Gama Reaches India 	 Recovery of Greek Math Feurbach revival of Astronomy Muller nautical almanacs 	Development in painting and perspective	Developments in metallurgy, mining and pumping	Beginnings of chemical production, alcohol, gunpowder, alum			





The Route of Science between the 15th and 17th centuries

J.D. Bernal prepared a route of science between 1440 to 1690. Slides 7 to 9



Year	Historical Events	Philosophy	Navigation	Mathematics and Astronomy	Optics	Mechanics and Hydraulics	Chemistry	Physiology, Medicine and Natural History
1500	Italian Wars				Leonardo Da Vinci Scientific Painting	Leonardo Davinci Engineering, waterworks		Leonardo Da Vinci Drawings of Anatomy and Natural History
1540	Francis I College de France Reformation: Luther, Calvin	More: Utopia Vives, Erasmus Rabelais criticism of medievalism	Magellan round the world		Durer Perspective	Development of gunnery	 Paracelsus revival of chemistry "De re metallica" by G. Agricola 	Surgery Paré "De Fabrica" from Vesalius
1550	 Great Inflation Counter Reformation Religious wars in France Revolt of the Netherlands Elizabethan age Gresham 	Montaigne Scepticism Bruno Plurality of Worlds	 Nuñez maps and navigation Problem of longitude Mercator´s maps Norman magnetic dip 	 Copernicus Solar System Tartaglia, Cardan, Algebra revived Vieta Symbolic algebra Tycho 	Spectacle- makers invent telescope	 Tartaglia Ballistics Development of dykes, canals, locks in Holland Stevin statics and hydraulics 		 Servelus pulmonary circulation Collection of rarities Development of gardening and agriculture
1600	College Source: https://www.an Copyright 201	nazon.com/Science 6-2022 by Eleonor	-History-Scientific-Ind a Escalante Strategy	accurate ustri abहर ्रश्रीमंशाह्र/d	p/B000FF8OGM	08-Sep-	23	8





The Route of Science between the 15th and 17th centuries

J.D. Bernal prepared a summary of the route of science between 1440 to 1690. Slides 7 to 9



Year	Historical Events	Philosophy	Navigation	Mathematics and Astronomy	Optics	Mechanics and Hydraulics	Chemistry	Physiology, Medicine and Natural History
1600	 Pre-capitalism entrance Academia de Lincei Thirty Years War Civil Wars in Britain Informal meetings of scientists 	 Bacon experimental Philosophy Gassendi atomism Descartes mechanical philosophy Hobbes materialism 	Gilbert on magnet	 Kepler planetary orbits Napier logarithms Descartes analytical geometry Fermat number theorem 	 Galileo telescopic observation "Two chief systems" trial 	Pendulum "Two new sciences" Dynamics	Van Helmont gas	
1650	 Royal Society Louis XIV in France Académie des Sciences Expulsion of the Huguenots 	harmony	Gericke frictional electricity y dx fit, y = Syd wrem fit y = Syd forcu fit y = Syd fix dx	 Newton Calculus Theory of Gravitation Leibniz differentials 	 Newton theory of colour Romer velocity of light Huygens wave theory of light 	Torricelli barometer Guericke vacuum Boyle gas law Hooke experimental physics		
1690	Source: https://www.an	nazon.com/Science-H	History-Scientific-Ind	lustrial-Revolutions/a	dp/B000FF8OGM			





The Route of Science of the 18th century

ID Rernal prepared a summary of the main events of science during the 18th century



Historical Events	Philosophy	Economics	Engineering and Metallurgy	Electricity	Chemistry	Biology and Geology
	Locke liberty, private property, toleration	Bank of England founded	Savery steam pump	Hauksbee frictional electricity	Stahl phlogiston	Camerarius sex in flowers Woodward fossils relics of flood
 War of Spanish Succession Peter the Great ascends to power Rise of Russia 	 Berkeley Idealism Hume scientific scepticism 	Growth of small-scale manufacture in Britain and Northern France Agricultural improvements, enclosures	 Darby iron smelted with coke Newcomen steam engine Reaumur theory of iron and steel Smeaton scientific engineering 	 Gray electrical conductivity Dufay two kinds of electricity 	Hales begins the pneumatic revolution	 Boerhaave teacher of medicine Linnaeus classification system of nature
Frederick the Great ascends to power in Prussia	The philosophes: Diderot Encyclopaedia Voltaire time	•In Britain, begins the first industrial revolution		 Musschenbroek electric condenser and shock Franklin electricity, lightnings conductor 	 Lomonosov physical chemistry Black carbon dioxide 	 Trembley invertebrates Buffon Natural History and Theory of the Earther Haller physiology

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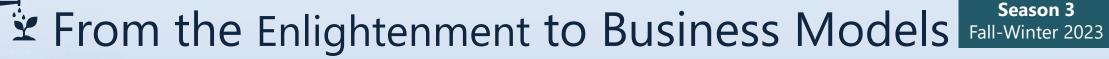
The Route of Science of the 18th century

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J.D. Bernal prepared a summary of the main events of science during the 18th century.

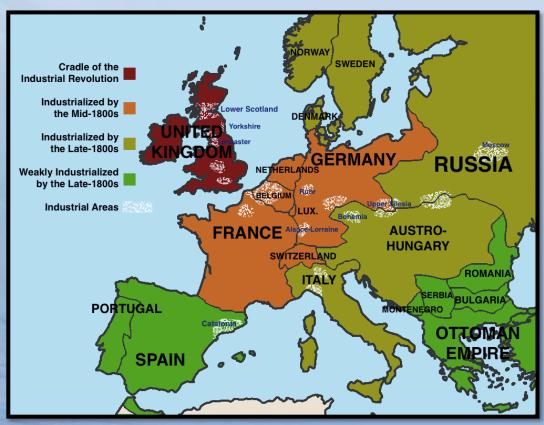


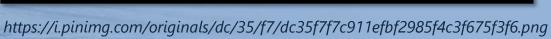
ir	Historical Events	Philosophy	Economics	Engineering and Metallurgy	Electricity	Chemistry	Biology and Geology
50	 British Conquest of India American Revolution French Revolution 	 Rousseau Social Contract Lunar society in Birmingham Kant philosophy of duty Goethe Natur- philosophie 	 Adam Smith Wealth of Nations Early capitalism in Britain: foundations for Iron and Coal exploitation at grand scale First factories in Britain Malthus on Population 	 Roebuck Carron iron works Black latent heat Hargreaves, Arkwright, Crompton: Cotton spinning machinery Boulton metal factory Wilkinson ironmaster Watt rotary engine Cort wrought iron Rumford heat from work 	Coulomb laws Galvani, Volta, current electricity Davy electrochemistry	 Priestley, Scheele discover oxygen Lavoisier reverses phlogiston theory founds modern chemistry Dalton atomic theory Hauy crystallography 	 Werner cataclysms Hutton geology without miracles Bichat tissue Lamarck evolution by modification
0	Napoleonic WarsHolly Alliance peace			Trevithick high pressure engine	nitred in 1987		OkenMorphologCuvier

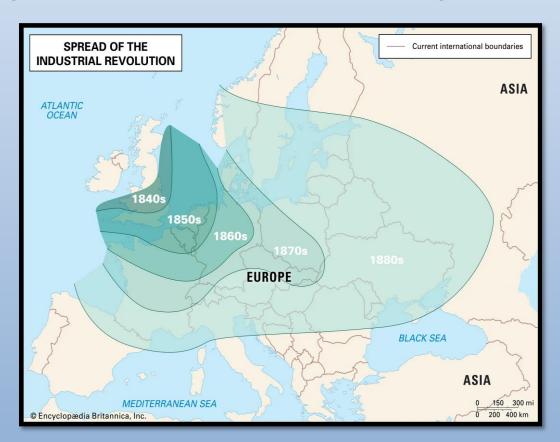


The First Industrial Revolution was a process in several waves.

After the Napoleonic wars came to an end, the spread of the First Industrial Revolution came out of Britain.









Fall-Winter 2023

Next Week: The Enlightenment and Ethics



We will stop here today. Our next publication will be about the Enlightenment and Ethics.

Thank you. Have a nice weekend. See you next week.

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